

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

## 1. Identification

Product identifier	Dry Breeze™ Vanilla	
Other means of identification		
Part Number	70720	
Synonyms	Article number: 707	
Recommended use	Dry Air Freshener	
Recommended restrictions	None known.	
Manufacturer/Importer/Supplie	er/Distributor information	
Manufacturer		
Company name	ITW Pro Brands	
Address	805 E. Old 56 Highway	
	Olathe, KS 66061	
Country	(U.S.A.)	
	Tel: +1 800-443-9536	
In Case of Emergency	1-800-535-5053 (Infotrac)	
2. Hazard(s) identificatio	n	
Physical hazards	Flammable aerosols	Category 1

		3 - 3
	Gases under pressure	Liquefied gas
Health hazards	Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 2A
	Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure	Category 3 narcotic effects
Environmental hazards	Not classified.	
OSHA defined hazards	Not classified.	

Label elements



Signal word	Danger
Hazard statement	Extremely flammable aerosol. Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Precautionary statement	
Prevention	Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Avoid breathing gas. Wash thoroughly after handling. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear eye protection/face protection.
Response	If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Call a poison center/doctor if you feel unwell. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
Storage	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store locked up. Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F.
Disposal	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)	None known.
Supplemental information	None.

# 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
Acetone		67-64-1	60 - 70
Isobutane		75-28-5	20 - 30
Propane		74-98-6	5 - 10

## 4. First-aid measures

Inhalation	Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.
Skin contact	Wash off with soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.
Eye contact	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
Ingestion	Not likely, due to the form of the product. In the unlikely event of swallowing contact a physician or poison control center. Rinse mouth.
Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed	May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision.
Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed	Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.
General information	Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves.
5. Fire-fighting measures	
Suitable extinguishing media	Water spray. Water fog. Alcohol resistant foam. Dry chemical powder. Carbon dioxide (CO2).
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	Contents under pressure. Pressurized container may explode when exposed to heat or flame. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.
Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters	Firefighters must use standard protective equipment including flame retardant coat, helmet with face shield, gloves, rubber boots, and in enclosed spaces, SCBA.

In case of fire: Stop leak if safe to do so. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. Containers should be cooled with water to prevent vapor pressure build up. For massive fire equipment/instructions in cargo area, use unmanned hose holder or monitor nozzles, if possible. If not, withdraw and let fire burn out.

> Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out. In the event of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes.

General fire hazards Extremely flammable aerosol. Contents under pressure. Pressurized container may explode when exposed to heat or flame.

#### 6. Accidental release measures

**Fire fighting** 

Specific methods

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Keep out of low areas. Many gases are heavier than air and will spread along ground and collect in low or confined areas (sewers, basements, tanks). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Avoid breathing gas. Emergency personnel need self-contained breathing equipment. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	Refer to attached safety data sheets and/or instructions for use. Stop leak if you can do so without risk. Move the cylinder to a safe and open area if the leak is irreparable. Use water spray to reduce vapors or divert vapor cloud drift. Isolate area until gas has dispersed. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material.
	Large Spills: Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth and place into containers. Scoop up used absorbent into drums or other appropriate container. Following product recovery, flush area with water.
	Small Spills: Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.
	Never estimate a visit de setainers fanne de Francesta disposal de settim 10 state ODO

Never return spills to original containers for re-use. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.

Environmental precautions	Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.
7. Handling and storage	
Precautions for safe handling	Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not use if spray button is missing or defective. Do not spray on a naked flame or any other incandescent material. Do not smoke while using or until sprayed surface is thoroughly dry. Do not cut, weld, solder, drill, grind, or expose containers to heat, flame, sparks, or other sources of ignition. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Avoid breathing gas. Avoid contact with eyes. Avoid prolonged exposure. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	Store locked up. Pressurized container. Protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122 °F. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. This material can accumulate static charge which may cause spark and become an ignition source. Prevent electrostatic charge build-up by using common bonding and grounding techniques. Store in original tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Stored containers should be periodically checked for general condition and leakage. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

## 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

The following constituents are the only constituents of the product which have a PEL, TLV or other recommended exposure limit. At this time, the other constituents have no known exposure limits.

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Lim Components	Туре		•	alue
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	PEL		24	00 mg/m3
			10	00 ppm
Propane (CAS 74-98-6)	PEL		18	300 mg/m3
			10	000 ppm
US. ACGIH Threshold Lin	nit Values			
Components	Туре		Va	alue
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	STEL		50	0 ppm
	TWA		25	0 ppm
Isobutane (CAS 75-28-5)	STEL		10	000 ppm
US. NIOSH: Pocket Guid	e to Chemical Hazards			
Components	Туре		Va	alue
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	TWA		59	00 mg/m3
				i0 ppm
Isobutane (CAS 75-28-5)	TWA		19	000 mg/m3
			80	0 ppm
Propane (CAS 74-98-6)	TWA		18	300 mg/m3
			10	000 ppm
logical limit values				
ACGIH Biological Expos	ure Indices			
Components	Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling Time
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	25 mg/l	Acetone	Urine	*
* - For sampling details, pl	ease see the source docu	ument.		
		Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Provide eyewash station.		
propriate engineering trols	Good general ventila should be matched or other engineering exposure limits have	to conditions. If ap controls to maint	plicable, use pro ain airborne leve	bcess enclosures, local exhaust ventilation als below recommended exposure limits. If
	Good general ventila should be matched to or other engineering exposure limits have eyewash station.	to conditions. If ap controls to maint not been establis	oplicable, use pro ain airborne leve shed, maintain a	bcess enclosures, local exhaust ventilation als below recommended exposure limits. If
trols	Good general ventila should be matched to or other engineering exposure limits have eyewash station.	to conditions. If an controls to maint onot been establis otective equipme	pplicable, use pro ain airborne leve shed, maintain a ent	pcess enclosures, local exhaust ventilation els below recommended exposure limits. If
trols vidual protection measur Eye/face protection	Good general ventila should be matched to or other engineering exposure limits have eyewash station. res, such as personal pr	to conditions. If an controls to maint onot been establis otective equipme	pplicable, use pro ain airborne leve shed, maintain a ent	pcess enclosures, local exhaust ventilation els below recommended exposure limits. If
trols	Good general ventila should be matched to or other engineering exposure limits have eyewash station. res, such as personal pr	to conditions. If an controls to maint onot been establis otective equipme with side shields	pplicable, use pro ain airborne leve shed, maintain a ent (or goggles).	pcess enclosures, local exhaust ventilation els below recommended exposure limits. If
trols ividual protection measur Eye/face protection Skin protection	Good general ventila should be matched to or other engineering exposure limits have eyewash station. <b>res, such as personal pr</b> Wear safety glasses	to conditions. If an controls to maint ont been establis otective equipme s with side shields nemical resistant g	pplicable, use pro ain airborne leve shed, maintain a ent (or goggles).	pcess enclosures, local exhaust ventilation els below recommended exposure limits. If
trols vidual protection measur Eye/face protection Skin protection Hand protection	Good general ventila should be matched if or other engineering exposure limits have eyewash station. <b>res, such as personal pr</b> Wear safety glasses Wear appropriate ch	to conditions. If an controls to maint a not been establis otective equipme with side shields nemical resistant o ctive clothing.	pplicable, use pro ain airborne leve shed, maintain a ent (or goggles). gloves.	pcess enclosures, local exhaust ventilation els below recommended exposure limits. If irborne levels to an acceptable level. Provi

Material name: Dry Breeze™ Vanilla

70720 Version #: 01 Issue date: 04-09-2018

When using do not smoke. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

#### 9. Physical and chemical properties

· · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Appearance	
Physical state	Gas.
Form	Aerosol.
Color	Clear to Straw.
Odor	Pleasant.
Odor threshold	Not available.
рН	Not available.
Melting point/freezing point	Not available.
Initial boiling point and boiling range	132.8 °F (56 °C) (liquid component)
Flash point	1.4 °F (-17.0 °C)
Evaporation rate	Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	Flammable gas.
Upper/lower flammability or exp	losive limits
Flammability limit - lower (%)	Not available.
Flammability limit - upper (%)	Not available.
Explosive limit - lower (%)	Not available.
Explosive limit - upper (%)	Not available.
Vapor pressure	95 psig @ 21° C
Vapor density	> 1 (air = 1)
Relative density	Not available.
Solubility(ies)	
Solubility (water)	Fully miscible.
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	Not available.
Viscosity	Not available.
Other information	
Density	0.79 g/cm³ @ 20°C
Explosive properties	Not explosive.
Oxidizing properties	Not oxidizing.
VOC	29.93 % per U.S. State and Federal Consumer Product Regulations
10. Stability and reactivity	
Reactivity	The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.
Chemical stability	Material is stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.
Conditions to avoid	Heat. Avoid temperatures exceeding the flash point. Contact with incompatible materials.
Incompatible materials	Acids. Strong oxidizing agents. Chlorine. Fluorine. Nitrates.
Hazardous decomposition products	Carbon oxides.

# 11. Toxicological information

## Information on likely routes of exposure

Information on likely routes of	•		
Inhalation	May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.		
Skin contact	No adverse effects due to skin contact are expected.		
Eye contact	Causes serious eye irritation.		
Ingestion	Expected to be a low ingestion hazard.		
Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics	May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision.		
Information on toxicological ef	fects		
Acute toxicity	Not expecte	d to be acutely toxic.	
Skin corrosion/irritation		kin contact may cause temporary irritati	on.
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Causes seri	ous eye irritation.	
Respiratory or skin sensitizatio			
Respiratory sensitization		atory sensitizer.	
Skin sensitization	-	t is not expected to cause skin sensitiza	
Germ cell mutagenicity	mutagenic o	•	nents present at greater than 0.1% are
Carcinogenicity	Not classifia	ble as to carcinogenicity to humans.	
ACGIH Carcinogens			
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) IARC Monographs. Overall	Evaluation of		as a human carcinogen.
Not listed. OSHA Specifically Regulate	ed Substances	s (29 CFR 1910.1001-1052)	
Not regulated. US. National Toxicology Pr			
Not listed.			
Reproductive toxicity	This product	t is not expected to cause reproductive of	or developmental effects.
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	May cause o	drowsiness and dizziness.	
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	Not classifie	d.	
Aspiration hazard	Not likely, du	ue to the form of the product.	
Chronic effects	Prolonged ir	nhalation may be harmful.	
12. Ecological information	n		
Ecotoxicity			ardous. However, this does not exclude the armful or damaging effect on the environment.
Components		Species	Test Results
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	10294 - 17704 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	4740 - 6330 mg/l, 96 hours
Persistence and degradability	No data is a	vailable on the degradability of any ingr	edients in the mixture.
Bioaccumulative potential		<i>c</i> , <i>j</i> , <i>j</i> , <i>c</i>	
Partition coefficient n-octa	nol / water (loo	a Kow)	
Acetone		-0.24	
Isobutane			
Propane Mobility in soil	No data au-	2.36	
Mobility in soil	No data ava	แสมเซ.	

**Other adverse effects** The product contains volatile organic compounds which have a photochemical ozone creation potential.

### 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions	Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Contents under pressure. Do not puncture, incinerate or crush. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
Local disposal regulations	Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.
Hazardous waste code	The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company.
	D001: Waste Flammable material with a flash point <140 F D003: Waste Reactive material
Waste from residues / unused products	Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions).
Contaminated packaging	Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. Do not re-use empty containers.

# 14. Transport information

DOT	
UN number	UN1950
UN proper shipping name	Aerosols, flammable, (each not exceeding 1 L capacity)
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	2.1
Subsidiary risk	-
Label(s)	2.1
Packing group	Not available.
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
Special provisions	N82
Packaging exceptions	306
Packaging non bulk	None
Packaging bulk	None
ΙΑΤΑ	
UN number	UN1950
UN proper shipping name	Aerosols, flammable
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	2.1
Subsidiary risk	-
Packing group	Not available.
Environmental hazards	No.
ERG Code	10L
· ·	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
Other information	
Passenger and cargo aircraft	Allowed with restrictions.
Cargo aircraft only	Allowed with restrictions.
IMDG	
UN number	UN1950
UN proper shipping name	Aerosols, flammable
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	2.1
Subsidiary risk	-
Packing group	Not available.
Environmental hazards	
Marine pollutant	No.
EmS	F-D, S-U
	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
Transport in bulk according to	Not applicable.
Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and	
the IBC Code	





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General information
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Avoid transport on vehicles where the load space is not separated from the driver's compartment. Ensure vehicle driver is aware of the potential hazards of the load and knows what to do in the event of an accident or an emergency. Before transporting product containers: Ensure that containers are firmly secured. Ensure cylinder valve is closed and not leaking. Ensure valve outlet cap nut or plug (where provided) is correctly fitted. Ensure valve protection device (where provided) is correctly fitted. Ensure compliance with applicable regulations.

#### 15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations	This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.	
TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)		
Not regulated. CERCLA Hazardous Substa	ance List (40 CFR 302.4)	
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) SARA 304 Emergency relea	Listed. ase notification	
Not regulated. OSHA Specifically Regulate Not regulated.	ed Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1052)	
·	eauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)	
SARA 302 Extremely hazar Not listed.		
SARA 311/312 Hazardous chemical	Yes	
Classified hazard categories	Flammable (gases, aerosols, liquids, or solids) Gas under pressure Serious eye damage or eye irritation Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure)	
SARA 313 (TRI reporting) Not regulated.		
Other federal regulations		
Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List		
Not regulated.		
Clean Air Act (CAA) Section Isobutane (CAS 75-28-5 Propane (CAS 74-98-6)	n 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)	
Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA)	Not regulated.	

# Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 2, Essential Chemicals (21 CFR 1310.02(b) and 1310.04(f)(2) and Chemical Code Number

6532

#### Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)

Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 1 & 2 Exempt Chemical Mixtures (21 CFR 1310.12(c))

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)

**DEA Exempt Chemical Mixtures Code Number** 

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)

6532

Low priority

35 %WV

### FEMA Priority Substances Respiratory Health and Safety in the Flavor Manufacturing Workplace

#### **US state regulations**

#### US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) Isobutane (CAS 75-28-5) Propane (CAS 74-98-6)

#### **California Proposition 65**



**WARNING:** California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 2016 (Proposition 65): This material is not known to contain any chemicals currently listed as carcinogens or reproductive toxins. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

# US. California. Candidate Chemicals List. Safer Consumer Products Regulations (Cal. Code Regs, tit. 22, 69502.3, subd. (a))

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) Isobutane (CAS 75-28-5)

#### International Inventories

Country(s) or region	Inventory name On inventory	(yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	Yes
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	Yes
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	Yes
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	Yes
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	No
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	Yes
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	No
Taiwan	Taiwan Toxic Chemical Substances (TCS)	No
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	Yes
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\*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s) A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

### 16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date	04-09-2018
Version #	01
Disclaimer	ITW Pro Brands cannot anticipate all conditions under which this information and its product, or the products of other manufacturers in combination with its product, may be used. It is the user's responsibility to ensure safe conditions for handling, storage and disposal of the product, and to assume liability for loss, injury, damage or expense due to improper use. The information in the sheet was written based on the best knowledge and experience currently available.